# Delivering Quality Artificial Insemination (AI) Services

### **Objective**

- To produce progeny with improved production
  - to increase returns to farmers
- To improve Conception Rate
  - to reduce economic losses

### **Factors Affecting Quality of AI Service**

- Source of Semen
- Skills of AI Technician
- Maintenance of Cold Chain
- LN procurement and delivery
- Quality of AI equipment and accessories
- Adherence to Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)
- Information System Data Capturing
- Efficient Monitoring and Supervisory System
- A good Breeding Policy and a mechanism for its implementation

### Source of Semen

Only from "A" or "B" graded semen stations

- Ensures semen from a completely bio-secure production facility
- Semen from genetically superior bulls with production parameters well above minimum prescribed
- Ensures semen from disease free bulls
- Semen which has passed all the mandatory quality tests to assure best conception rates

### Skills of AI Technician

- Play important role in getting high Conception Rates
- Should be trained at an accredited Training Centre
- Should have undergone a refresher training

### Maintenance of cold Chain

- Timely replenishment of LN
- Timely replacement of damaged containers
- Proper transfer of semen in the field

### LN procurement and delivery

- Estimating demand of LN for each cluster of centres
- Placement of storage silos at strategic locations
- Arranging timely delivery of LN either through supplier or through own arrangement

## Quality of AI Equipment and accessories

Specially AI gun, Sheath, Tags and gloves

# Adherence to Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)

- Doorstep AI delivery
- Identification of animal
- Thawing procedures
- Follow up for repeat AI, PD and calving
- Getting repeat breeders treated
- Record keeping

### **Information System - Data Capturing**

### Requirement of the programme

- Bull performance
- Performance of AIT
- Performance each level
- Performance of a geographical area
- Performance of a breed or species service period, calving interval, CR etc
- Sale rate, abortion rate, Sex ratios
- AI coverage
- Feed back to farmers

Existing system and its deficiencies

# Efficient monitoring and Supervisory System

- Accurate and reliable information
- Regular Supervision and Review mobility
- Require adequate and trained manpower

# A good Breeding Policy and a mechanism for its implementation

- A Mechanism to enforce policy
- Regulatory Mechanism for all breeding activities

# Thank you



### Identification of animals



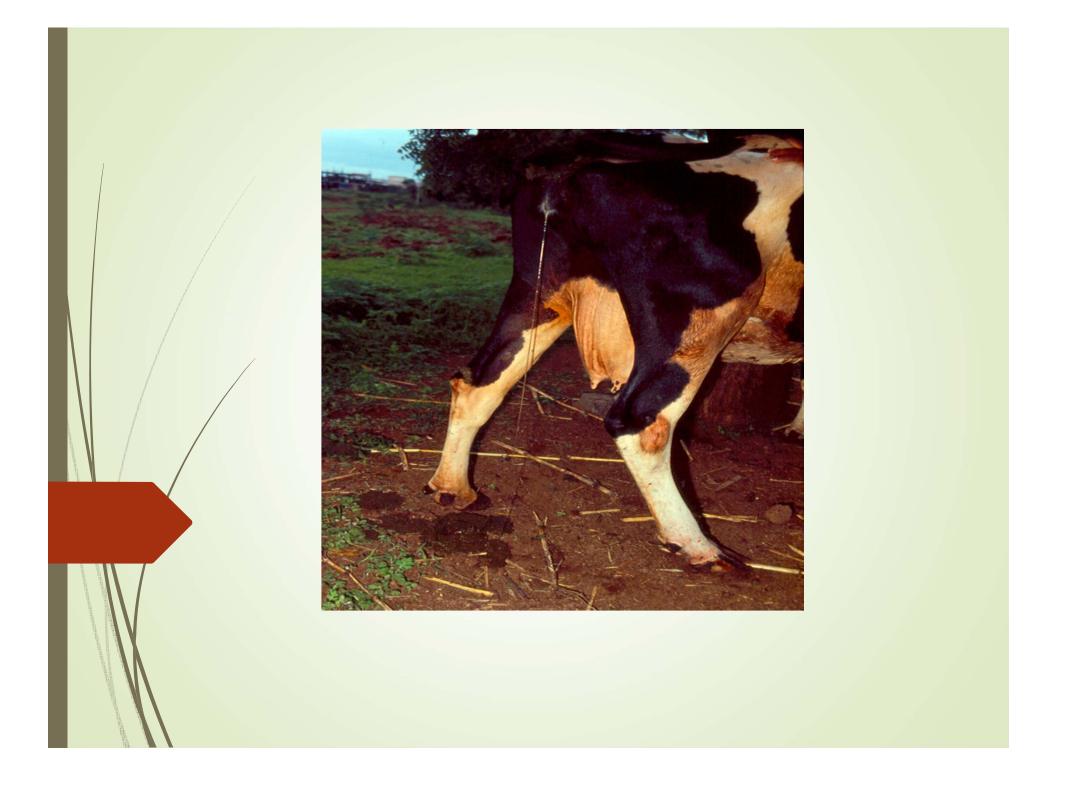










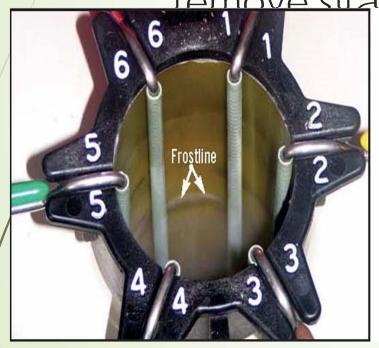


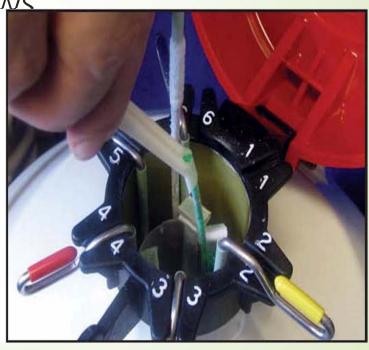


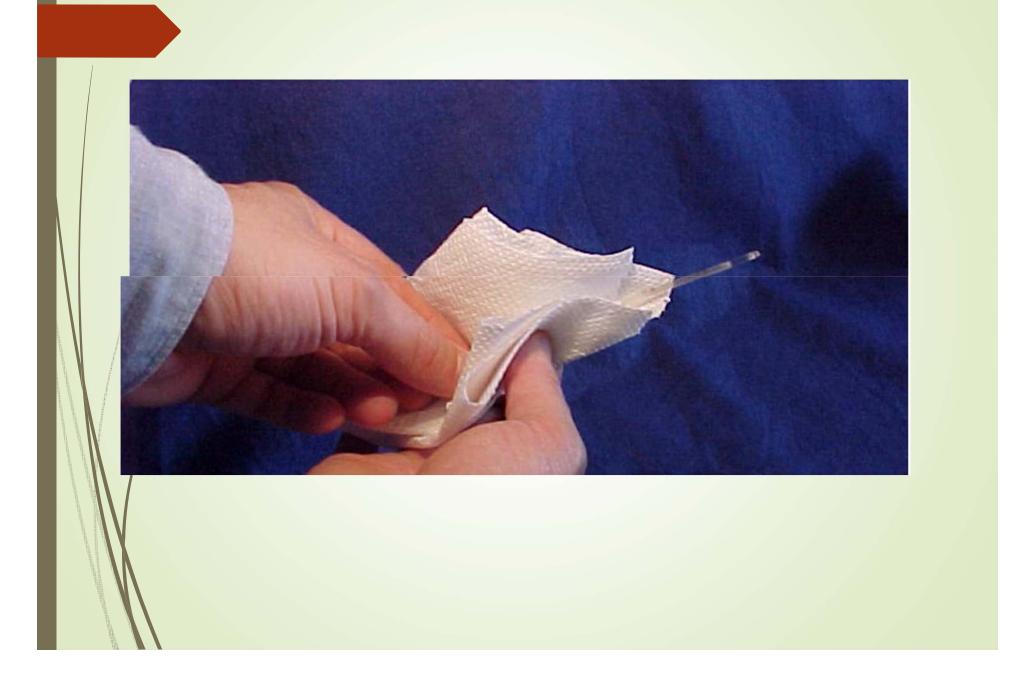


# Avoid raising straws above the frost line. Use forceps to

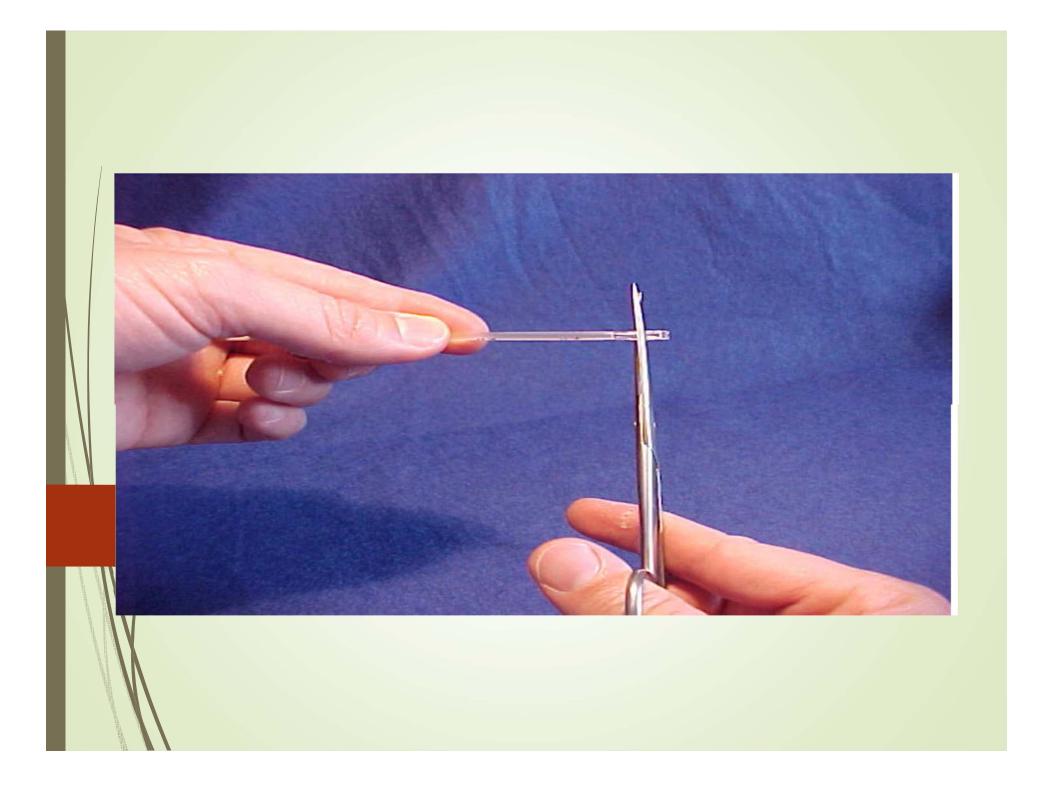
remove straws

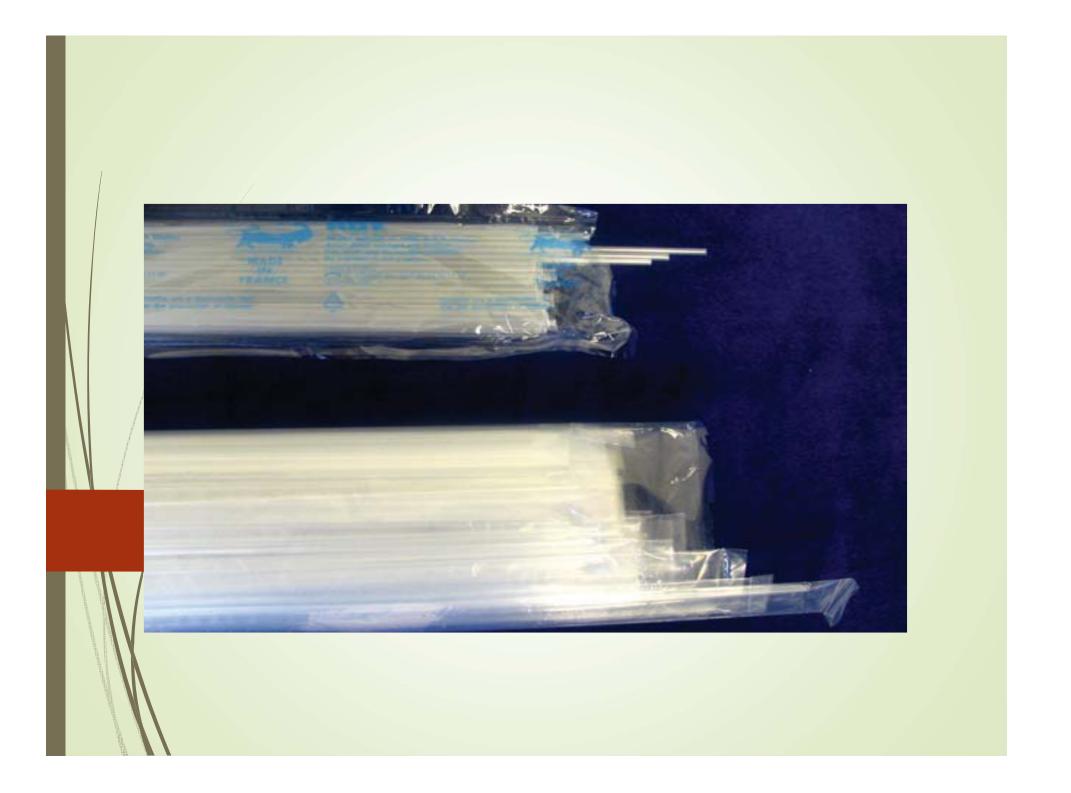




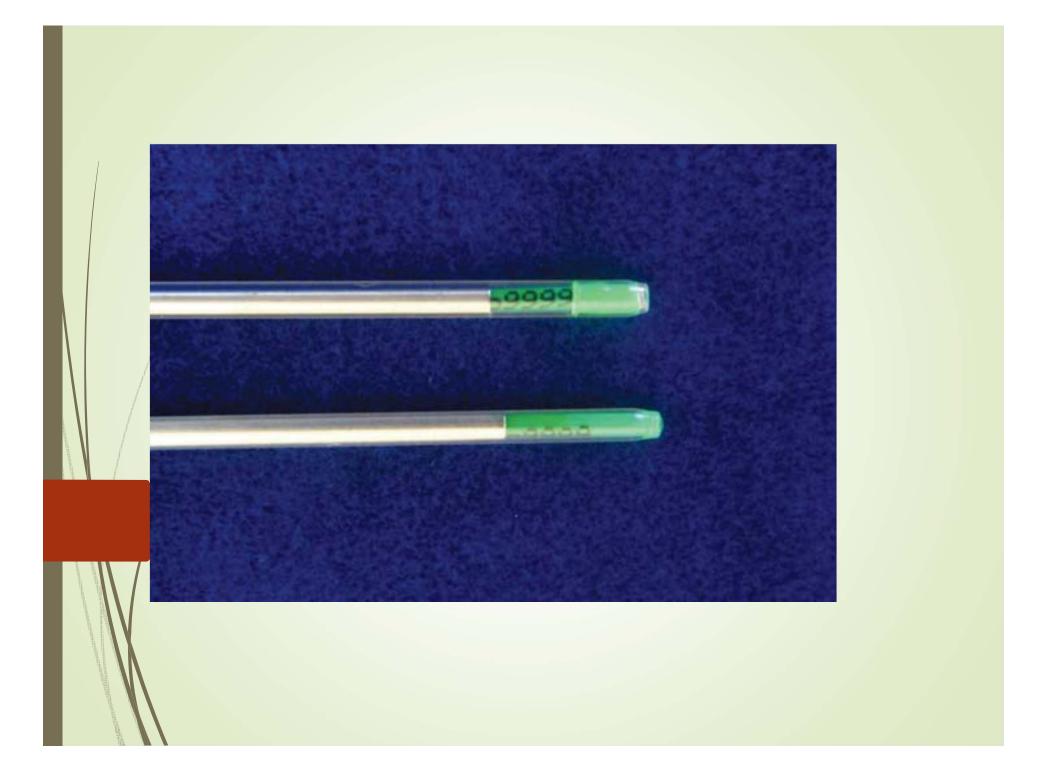


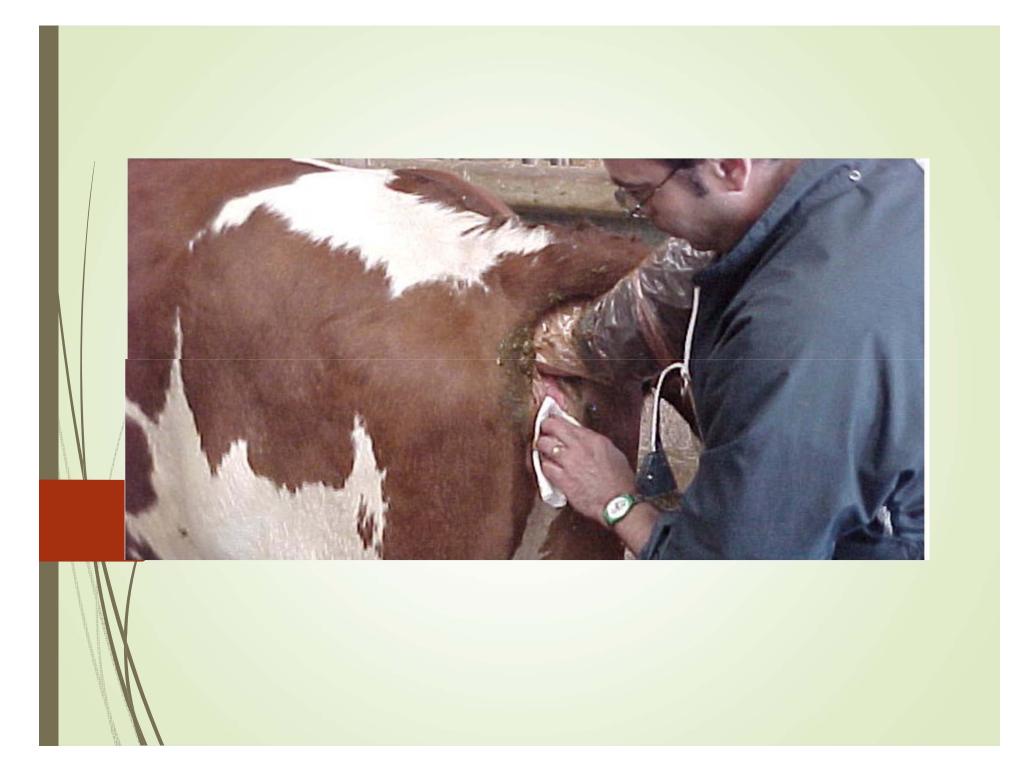


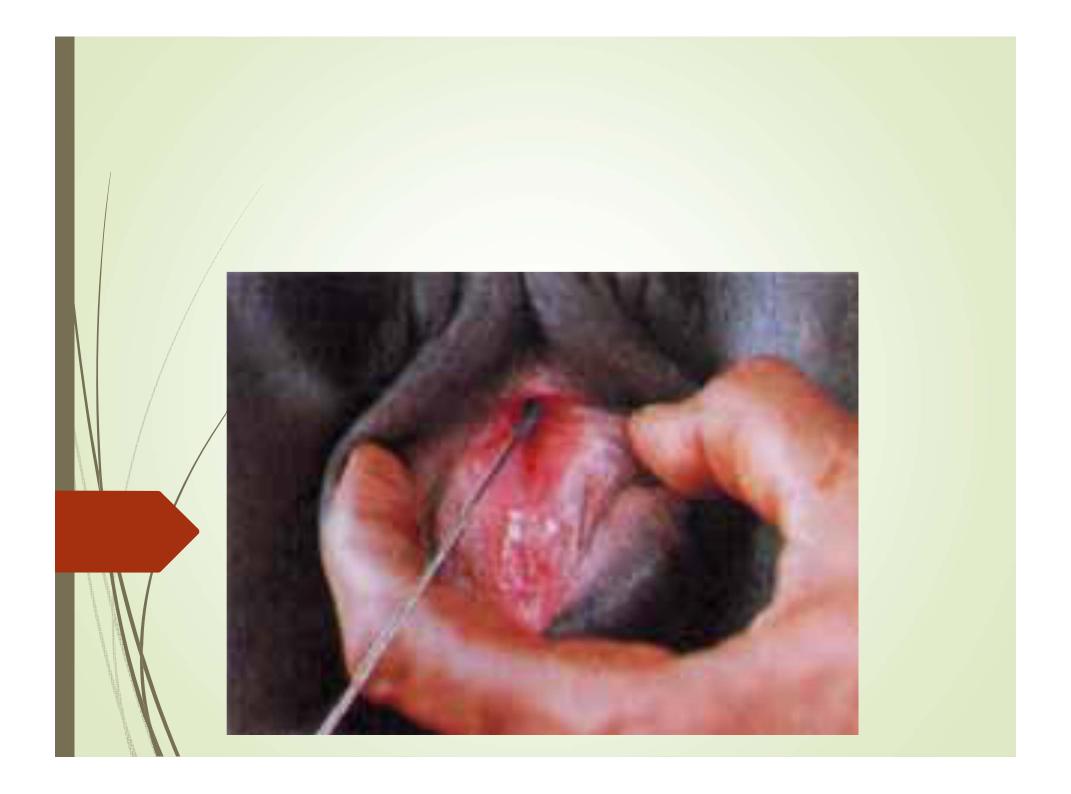




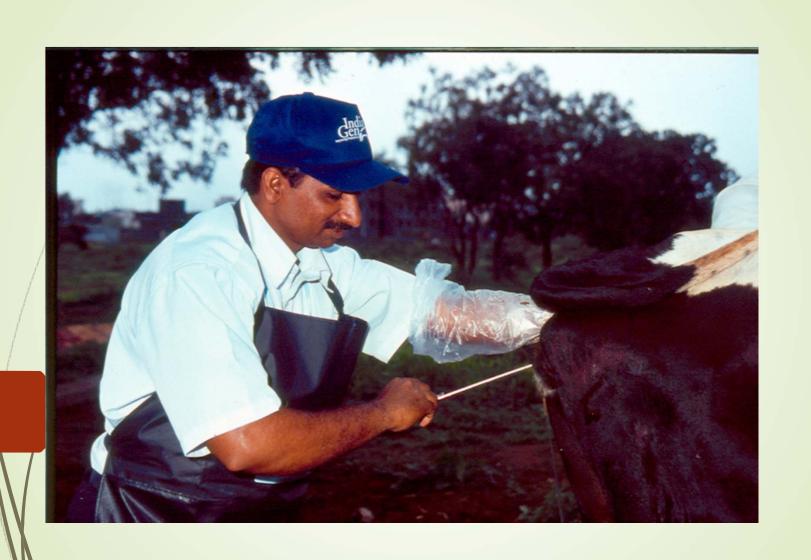














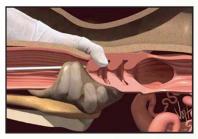






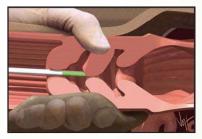
Grasp the external opening to the cervix with the thumb on top and the forefingers underneath to close the fornix

and guide the gun tip into the cervix.



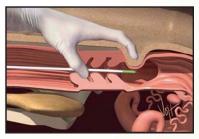
Replace top picture on page 8 of SOP with the above picture

Using the flexibility of your wrist, twist and bend the cervix until you feel the second ring slide over the gun tip.



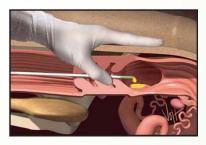
Replace bottom picture on page 8 of SOP with the above picture

# Feel the gun tip at the internal os with index finger



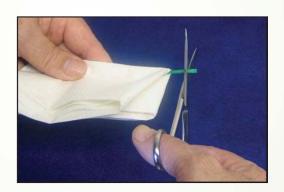
Replace top picture on page9 of SOP with the above picture

Push the plunger slowly so that drops of semen fall directly into the uterine body.



Replace bottom picture on pag e9 of SOP with the above picture

# Cut straws ¼" below lab seal at 90° angle



Replace top picture on page 6 of SOP with the above picture