Unique Animal Identification (UAID)





पशु आधार



Importance of Animal Identification

- 1. Professional and Efficient delivery of services to farmer/animal..
- 2. Scientific and systematic implementation of genetic improvement and other technical programs.
- 3. Animal health surveillance by identifying and tracking individual animal.
- 4. Implementation of different social welfare schemes by Government and other institutions, viz Livestock insurance, loans, grant, etc.
- 5. Traceability of imported germplasm. Trading Of livestock.
- 6. Policy makers and planners.
- 7. Mandatory requirement for use of INAPH system.



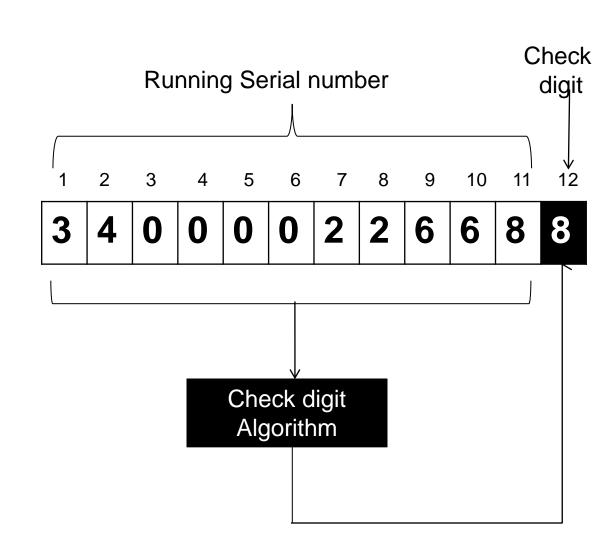
Involved Institutions/Agencies

1. State AH Department.	11. Insurance Companies
2. State Livestock Development Board	12. Banks/Financial Institutions
3. CHRS, GOI.	13. Organised Dairy Farms/BMF
4. CCBF, GOI.	14. Semen Stations
5. Cooperative Union	15. Producer Companies
6. State Federations	16. Universities, Research stitutions.
7. NGOs	17. Private companies
8. Trusts	18. Slaughter houses
9. Municipal Corporation	19. Wild Life institutions
10. Animal welfare societies.	20. Others



Animal Identification System

- 1. Designed following ICAR (International Committee for Animal Recording) guidelines.
- 2. Containing 12 numeric digits. First 11 digits are running serial numbers and 12th digit as check digit.
- 3. Capacity of 100 billion animals. Sufficient for more than 500 years.
- 4. Can be used for any tagging system viz, Plastic, Barcodded, RFID etc.





Animal Identification System: Key Advantages

- 1. State/District/Specie/Sex/Breed etc...wise eartag inventory/stocks, not required.
- 2. Any tag can be used in any part of the country, by any service provider, for any program implementation.
- 3. Eartags purchased for a scheme/project can be used for any other scheme, if required.
- 4. Eartags purchased by any Agency can be transferred/sold to any other agency, if required.
- 5. Surplus, wastage will be minimised.
- 6. Optimal Capacity utilisation of number system.



Animal Identification System Delivery Mechanism

- 1.DADF, GOI issued an advisory to Secretary, AH Department of all states, regarding use of unique identification numbers for each animal in the state under various schemes
- 2. As desired by GOI, NDDB is centrally managing the uniqueness and delivery of eartag numbers to all concerned.
- 3. On request, NDDB provides unique eartag numbers to all institutions in the country, including eartag manufacturers.
- 4. Around 1 crore eartag nubers are being generated every year.
- 5. Recommended standard specifications for Bar-coded Plastic eartags.

EARTAG SPECIFICATIONS

- <u>Description</u>: The ear tag composed of two parts (Male + Female). The male part is a
 button with a diameter of 27 mm (± 2mm). The male part should have a metal point.
 The size of the female piece should be comprised between 55 x 65 mm and 58 x 69
 mm.with a closed head.
- Raw Material: The tag should be made from Thermoplastic Polyurethane Elastomer (Ether Grade) material that should be resistant to ultraviolet light, high and low temperature, impossible to reopen by wrench and should be tamperproof.

The manufacturer should provide documentation from independent and recognized sources to demonstrate the non resolvability of its tags.

Weight: The weight of the ear tag (male+Female) should be 8 grams (±10%).

4. Printing (Laser):

1st Line : A row of 6 digits, 9 mm high (± 1mm).

2nd Line : One dimensional Barcode with encoding 128, 9 mm high (± 1mm).

3rd Line : A row of 6 digits, 17 mm high(± 1mm).

Numbers and bar code should be printed on female tag and leaving minimum 2 mm margin on all sides.

The printing must be as dark as possible to ensure the readability of the bar code over the years. The manufacturer should provide documentation to demonstrate the readability of its tags over the years.

Animal Breeding (AB) Group, NDDB will send the list of twelve-digit numbers to be laser printed on ear tags.

- Colour : The colour of the tag should be lemon yellow.
- 5. Packing: In order to manage the tag inventory the eartag should be packed in batches of 100 pieces in a good quality polyethylene bags indicating beginning and ending numbers and further packed in a corrugated box containing 500 pieces of ear tags i.e. 5 polyethylene bags each containing 100 pieces of ear tags



Anup Kumar Thakur

सचिव

नारत सरकार

rnment of India

Secretary

C. S. Office 826056 Dt. 05/14/13 भारत सरकार कृषि मंत्रालय

पशुपालन, डेयरी व मत्स्य पालन विभाग कृषि भवन, नई दिल्ली 110001

Government of India
Ministry of Agriculture
Department of Animal Husbandry, Dairying & Fisheries
Krishi Bhawan, New Delhi - 110001

<u>D.O.No.26-02/2012-DP</u> Dated the 21st November, 2013

Dea Si Sinka,

As you are aware, National Dairy Plan (NDP) was launched in April, 2012 with the prime objective of enhancing productivity of milch animals through scientifically planned programmes. NDDB is the nodal agency for implementation of NDP.

An Information Network has been developed by NDDB for collection of data which would be used by all NDP implementing agencies to ensure effective monitoring of the projects. The IT infrastructure for this has been designed by NDDB considering the country's requirement and is available across the country to all the implementing agencies of Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development Programmes, including non-NDP implementing agencies also. The key requirement of this information system is unique identification of each animal. All the projects under NDP are using specially designed laser printed plastic ear tags having 12 digit unique identification number and a bar code. NDDB has been generating these unique animal identification numbers for the manufacturer of plastic ear tags for some years now and maintaining the information database. Further, these unique numbers can also be used for RFID based animal identification.

Animal identification with unique numbers is useful for various purposes such as tracing the source of infection as well as spread of disease in case of an outbreak, recording AI and other breeding data, performance recording, vaccination details, traceability for food safety and so on. This can also be used for other purposes like identification of animals, insurance, bank loans, theft of animal, post-mortem etc.

It is important that we avoid a multiplicity of ear tags and introduce uniformity in animal identification across the country. It would therefore be advantageous if all users of ear tags such as insurance companies, banks apart from the implementing agencies of NDP use only plastic ear tags and obtain the unique identification numbers from NDDB.

I would therefore request that necessary instructions for the use of plastic tags with unique identification numbers from NDDB for each animal in the state under various schemes may be considered. NDDB would also be taking up this matter with your concerned officers.

Will regards

U. 7/12/13

Yours sincerely,

(Anup Kumar Thakur)

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Shri Varesh Sinha,

nha,



Information Network for Animal Productivity and Health

INAPH



National Dairy Development Board, Anand.

Key Objectives

- 1. Establish an IT infrastructure for Service Providers involved in Productivity Enhancement & Health services.
- 2. Develop a Field Force Automation system for implementation of field based programs.
- 3. Provide a tool for field force to monitor & control day to day activities efficiently in the field.
- 4. Enable a System for managers to analyse past and plan for future.
- 5. Enforce Standard operating procedures (SOPs) of the domain.
- 6. Build a rich database for policy makers, scientists and analysts.

Key Attributes

An Integrated Application for Animal Breeding, Health and Nutrition services.

Designed incorporating all processes based on existing scientific domain knowledge with minute details.

A system containing single application for all service providers. Uniform, standard logic used to generate vital parameters.

Ensures uniqueness of Animal, Bull, Semen, Owner across country enabling tracking of Animals.

Each & every activity is recorded individual animal-wise. Rigorous, transaction validation mechanism, in-built in the system.

Capable of handling complex scenarios where multiple agencies working in the same geography providing different services on the same animal.

INAPH Modules & Activities.



INAPH Logical View

Identification & Registration

- Registration
- Movement (Sale, Cull, Death)
- Re-Registration
- Eartag Change

Al Delivery

- Artificial Insemination
- Pregnancy Diagnosis
- Calving

Progeny Testing

- Milk Recording
- Typing
- Growth Moniting
- Milk Component Analysis
- Elite Animal Decl
- Parentage Confirmation.
- •Breeding Value Estimation

Nutrition

- •Ration Balancing (LP Model)
 - Herd Ration Balancing (LP Model)
 - •Feed & Fodder Sample Analysis
 - Pashu Poshan

Health

- Vaccination
- De-worming
- Treatment
- Disease Testing
- Outbreak
- •First Aid

Lab Analysis & Examination

- Milk Component Analysis.
- Pathology sample Analysis.
- Feed & Fodder sample Analysis.

Stock Management

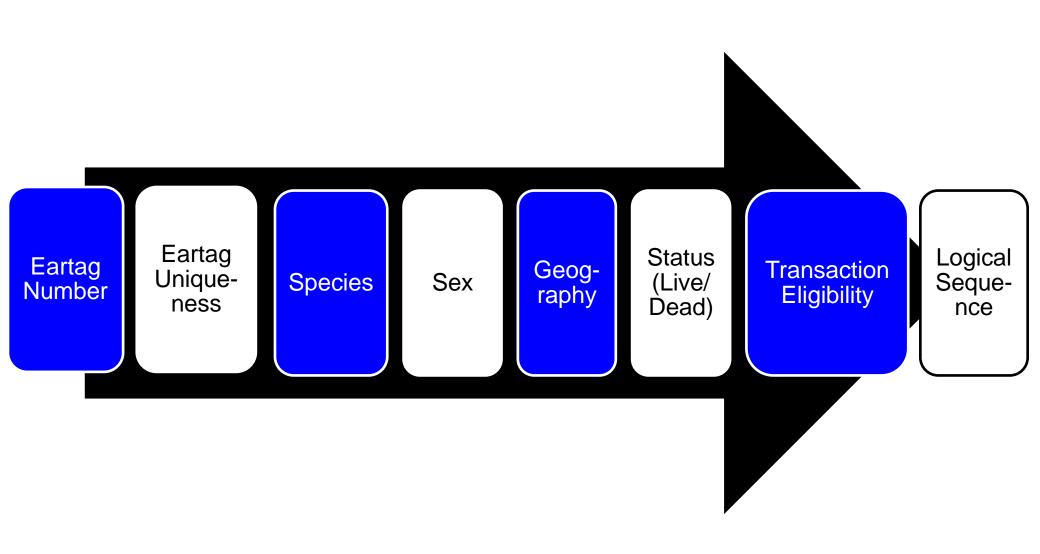
- •Item Allocation
- •Item Sale

SMS Service

- Push
- •Animal/ Owner
- •Field Force
- •General
- <u>Pull</u>
- Animal/ Owner

Framework Components

Activity Recording & Validation Process

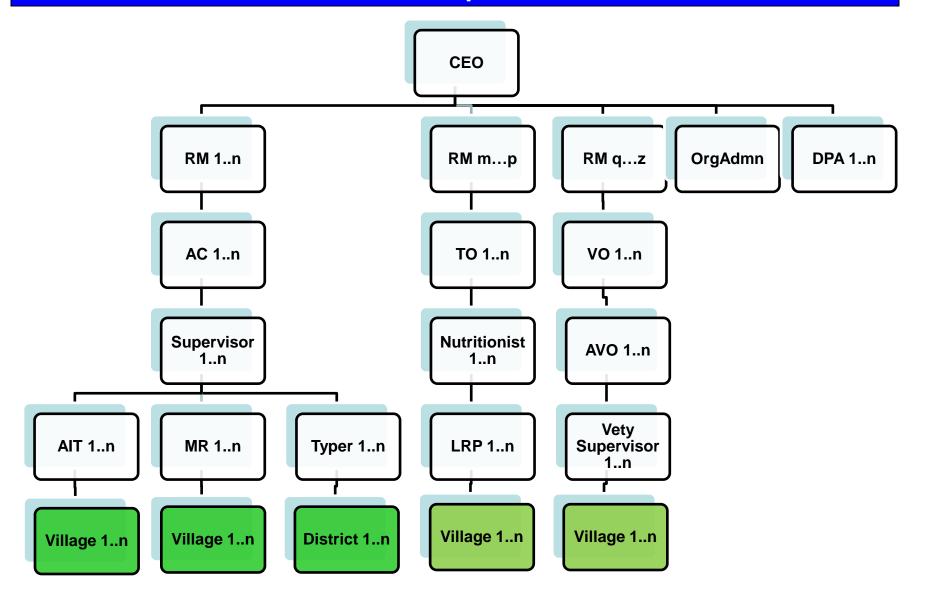


Location/Geography Hierarchy

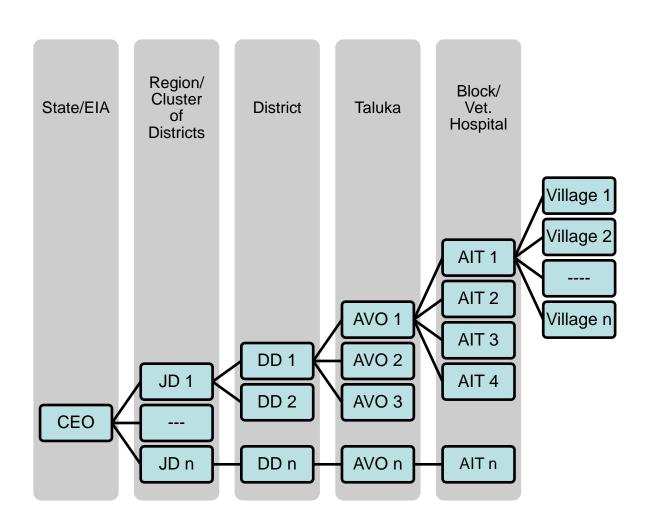


As per GOI, 2011 census.	
State	35
District	648
Taluka	6,072
Rev Village	6,12,426
Hamlet	1,693,646

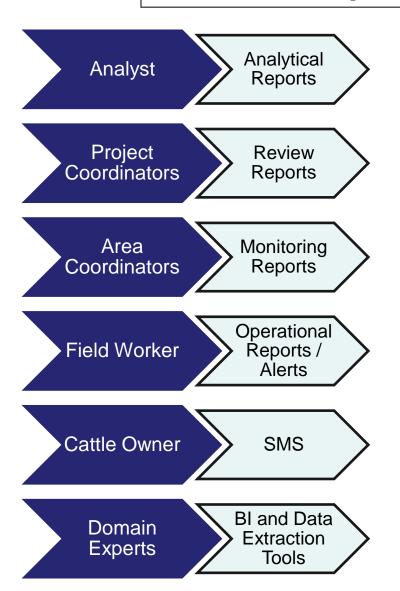
Organization Hierarchy, Roles, Reporting and Area of operation



Proposed Field Force Hierarchy



Reporting



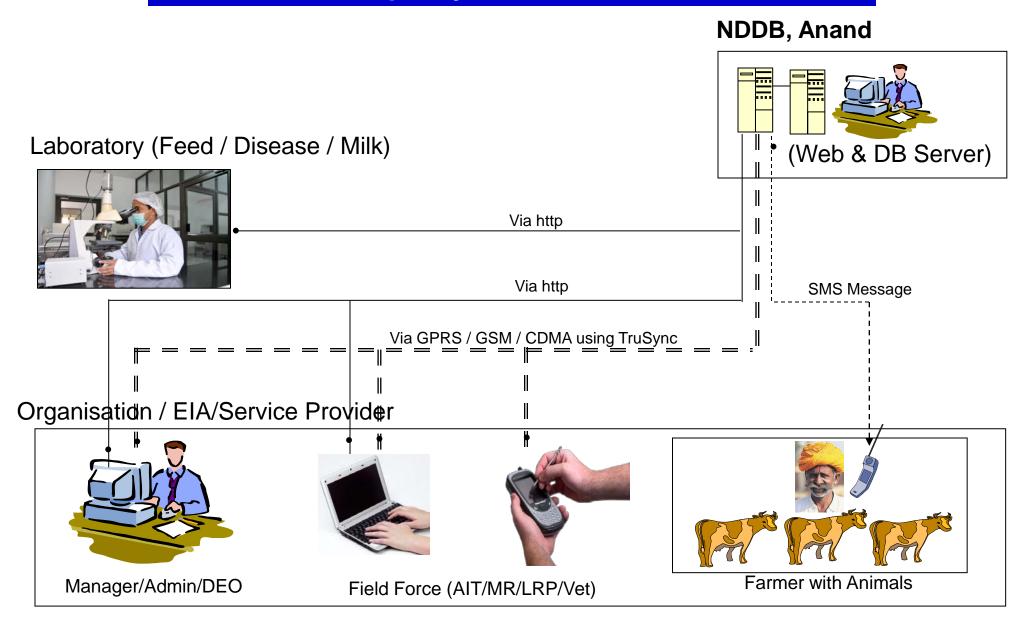
- Role and Hierarchy based Reporting covering one or more Functional Area.
- Provides Decision Supports as well as Operational Support based on the requirements.
- Provide Alerts to take action in Real Time.
- Web based Reporting on Common INAPH Portal at http://inaph.nddb.coop

Pull SMS Service

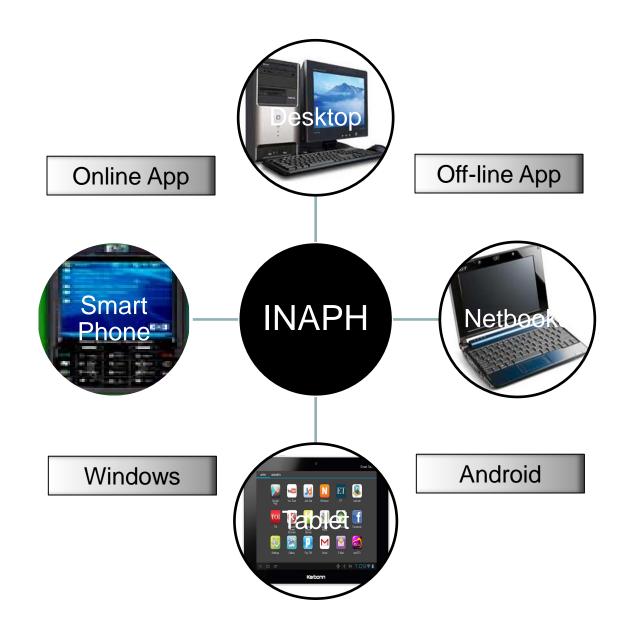
A Service to avail information by sending SMS to 9601336677

Purpose	SMS	Response
Get Owner Information	NDDB OWN < Animal Tag ID > e.g. NDDB OWN 340012773718	Return Owner Details of an animal like Owner Name, Village, Tehsil, District, State and Cell No.
Get Animal details	NDDB AR < Animal Tag ID > e.g. NDDB AR 340012773718	Return Animal Tag ID, Registration Date, Registration User Id, Breed, Species, Milking Status, Pregnancy Status and Age.
Check Inbreeding for given animal	NDDB INBR < Animal Tag ID > e.g. NDDB INBR 340012773718	Return Animal Tag ID, Sire ID, Full Sibling, Sire's Sire ID and Dam's Sire ID
Get Artificial Insemination details	NDDB AI < Animal Tag ID > e.g. NDDB AI 340012773718	Return Animal Tag ID, Artificial Insemination details like Bull ID, Last Al Date, Al Dose Type and number of Al dose, Pregnancy Diagnosis details like Last PD Date and Pregnancy Status.
Get Calving details	NDDB Calv < Animal Tag ID > e.g. NDDB Calv 340012773718	Return Animal Tag ID, Last Calving Date, Calving Type, Calf Tag Id and details of an Al along with lactation number.
Get Milk Recording details	NDDB MR < Animal Tag ID > e.g. NDDB MR 340012773718	Return Animal Tag ID, Milk Recording Number, Last Milk Recording Date, Milk Yield and Lactation number.
Get RBP details	NDDB RBP < Animal Tag ID > e.g. NDDB RBP 340012773718	Return Animal Tag Id, Last Ration Balancing Date and balanced Feed Details.

Deployment View



INAPH Application Platforms & Versions



Program Activities Animal Registration /Ear tagging **Artificial Insemination** Android Phone, **Tablet** Calving and Male/ **iNotify Sync** Female calf Middleware Registration Milk Recording Sync Session **Ration Balancing INAPH** central Database Local phone database **Animal Treatment,** Vacc, De-worming, **Disease Testing.**

Lab. Analysis (Milk Component, Disease Diagnosis, Feed & Fodder)



Village

Administrator

Tools & Technologies

Client - Server **Architecture** MS SQL Server 2012 (Enterprise Edition) Server Windows based application developed **Desktop/ Netbook Clients** using .NET framework. SQL CE local database on device .Android (4.1 Jelly beans) application and related database, available with android **Tablet Clients** mobile devices. Android (4.1 Jelly beans) application and **Handheld (Android Smart** related database, available with android **Phones) Clients** mobile devices. iNotify mobile Sync middleware. **Synchronization Solution.** Browser (Internet Explorer) based Web-based thin client

application.

INAPH Database Security

Authorised Users

Authorised Role

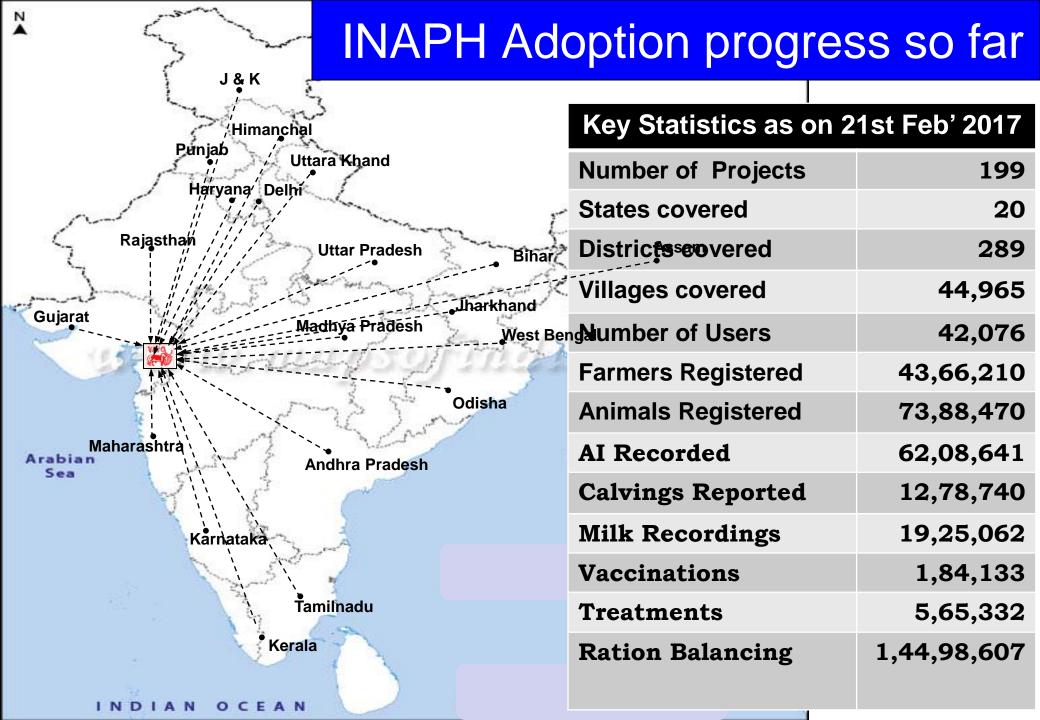
Authorised Organisations

Organisation subscribed services

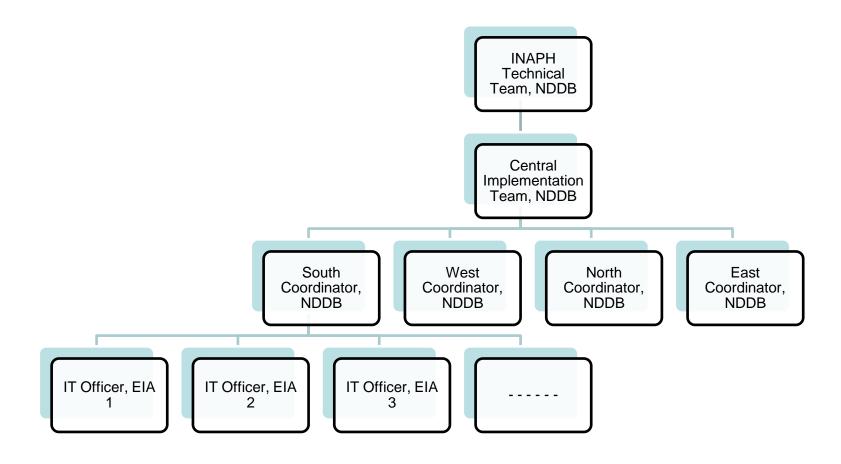
Organisation subscribed States

Encrypted server credentials

Firewall based network security at server end.



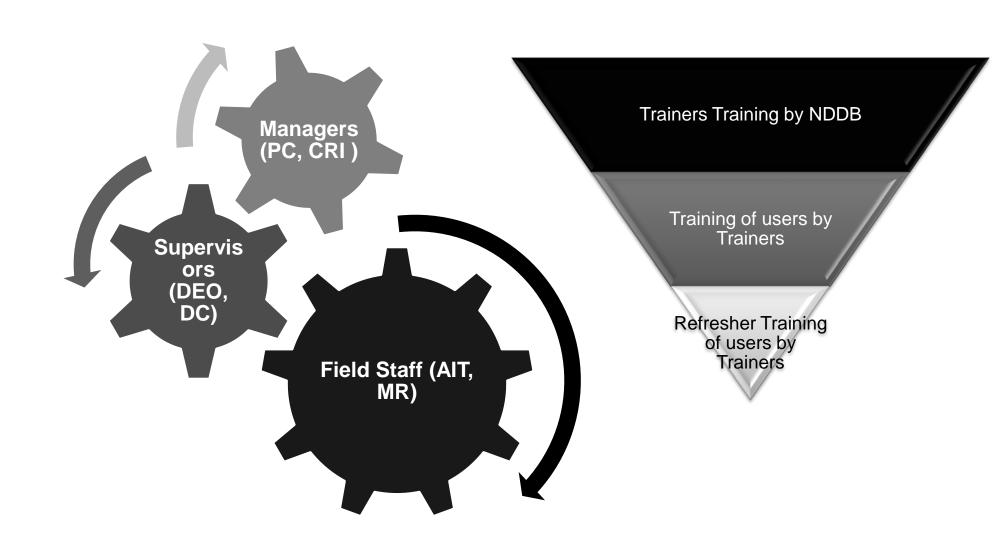
Implementation Support



INAPH Portal/Help Desk

http://inaph.nddb.coop/

Capacity Building



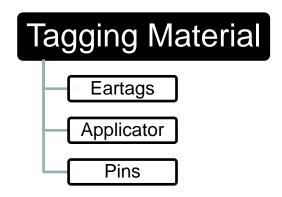
NDDB Support

1. Delivery of INAPH Application.

2. Capacity Building (Training of Trainers)

3. INAPH Specific Technical Support.

Pre-requisits & Infrastructure Requirements.



Cow site Recording (For each user)

Android Phone or Tablet or Windows Netbook.

Datacard for internet connectivity.

Centralised desktop based recording (For each datacenter)

Desktop/Laptop, Printer, UPS.

Wired broadband internet connection

Data collection formats

Date Entry operator

Stepwise procedure for INAPH Implementation

- 1. Formal request by EIA to NDDB for use of INAPH. Communication of approval alongwith T&C to CEO of EIA.
- 2. Meeting with concerned officials of EIA & NDDB to discuss and finalize implementation plan.
- 3. Arrangement of infrastructure requirement by EIA as per timelines. Procurement of tagging material, hardware, internet, manpower etc.
- 4.(a) Arrangement of INAPH TOT program by NDDB at Anand.
- (b) Arrangement of Enduser training program by EIA at district level.
- 5. (a) Creation of INAPH masters, users, bulls, AI centers etc on INAPH production server by NDDB in consultation with EIA.
- (b) Preparation of mobile/tablet devices for each user. Database of all allocated villages will be transferred to the device.

7. (a) INAPH GO LIVE.

(b) Regular followup & Monitoring.



Thank You